## **Forest Jurisdiction Comparison**







Jurisdiction	Finland	New Zealand	British Columbia
Ownership	Mainly privately owned (60%) with some state-owned forests (26%) and others like municipalities & churches (14%).	Predominantly private (56%) with sizeable public ownership (>28%).	95% of B.C. forests are publicly owned and subject to Aboriginal Rights and Title with First Nations in BC.
Indigenous/First Nations Rights	Sámi Peoples influence is currently limited to consultation with new processes underway to resolve disputes over their role in managing traditional lands.	The Maori have rights over some forests. A trust model for sharing of resource rents is in place while outstanding issues over Indigenous rights and land ownership are resolved.	BC has formally adopted UN Declaration of the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP) and is implementing legislation to increase Indigenous governance, stewardship, revenue sharing, and economic participation in forest-related activities.
Forest Type	Mainly coniferous forests (Scots pine, Norway spruce, birch) with some deciduous. Commercial forestry based on managed second growth forests.	Mix of native forests (79%) and plantations (21%). Commercial forestry limited to plantations of fast-growing radiata pine with some Douglas Fir, Eucalyptus.	Temperate coastal rainforests (spruce, hemlock, cedar, fir) and Interior forests (spruce, pine, fir). Commercial forestry and conservation in natural forest mix of primary and second growth.
Forest Management Practices	Selective cutting and long rotations for sustainable timber harvest while promoting native species regeneration.	Plantation forests with strict environmental regulations to minimize impact on soil and waterways.	Clearcutting with reserves and additional requirements to maintain biodiversity and protect old growth and other sensitive ecosystems.
Manufacturing Profiles	Strong pulp & paper activity alongside sawmills, with a growing focus on bioenergy & biomaterials, and innovative products like engineered wood panels.	Primarily exports logs, with a sawmilling industry and some pulp & paper production. There is also growing interest in bioenergy.	Diverse mix with sawmilling and pulp & paper being significant, alongside a growing bioenergy and manufactured wood products sector.
Wildfire Hectares Burned - 10 Year Average	1,000 Ha	4,500 Ha	720,000 Ha
Value of Forest Sector Exports (2022)	\$16B USD	\$4B USD	\$11B USD



## **Forest Jurisdiction Comparison – Annual Harvest Levels 2023**



